

Bibliografie natuurherstel in onze Noordzee – Bibliographie restauration de la nature dans notre Mer du Nord

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Annex I (Visies over natuurherstel en projecten in het buitenland)

Land/Conventie	Categorie	Visie	Link/extra informatie
EU biodiversity strategy	Natuurherstel	Restore damaged ecosystems and rivers, improve the health of EU protected habitats and species, and for transforming at least 30% of Europe's lands and seas into effectively managed protected areas.	https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/QANDA_20_886
OSPAR 2020	Soorten- en habitatbescherming	Ospar made a list of threatened and/or declining species and habitats which should be prioritised for protection and conservation efforts.	https://www.ospar.org/work-areas/bdc/species-habitats/list-of-threatened-declining-species-habitats
OSPAR 2020	Natuurherstel	Using the Ecosystem Approach to manage human activities affecting the maritime area, the overall goal of the OSPAR Commission is to conserve marine ecosystems and safeguard human health and, when practicable, restore marine areas which have been adversely affected in the North-East Atlantic by preventing and eliminating pollution and by protecting the maritime area against the adverse effects of human activities.	https://www.cbd.int/doc/nbsap/rbsap/ospar-rbsap.pdf
Habitat and birds directive	Habitat- en soortenbescherming	The Habitats Directive ensures the conservation of a wide range of rare, threatened or endemic animal and plant species. Some 200 rare and characteristic habitat types are also targeted for conservation in their own right.	https://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/legislation/habitatsdirective/index_en.htm
MSFD	Natuurherstel	Aims of the Marine Strategy : 1) Protection and preservation of the marine environment and if possible restoration of disturbed marine ecosystems 2) Protecting of the marine biodiversity, marine ecosystems, human health or legitimate uses of the sea by prevention and reduction of inputs in the marine environment.	https://ec.europa.eu/environment/marine/eu-coast-and-marine-policy/marine-strategy-framework-directive/index_en.htm
CBD	Natuurherstel	Ecosystems and habitats – rehabilitate and restore degraded ecosystems, inter alia through the development and implementation of management plans and strategies;	https://www.cbd.int/convention/articles/?a=cbd-08

UK	Natuurvisie voor de zee	We will achieve a growing and resilient network of land, water and sea that is richer in plants and wildlife. At sea, we will do this by: reversing the loss of marine biodiversity and where practicable restoring, increasing the proportion of protected and well-managed seas and better managing existing protected sites, making sure populations of key species are sustainable with appropriate age structures, ensuring seafloor habitats are productive and sufficiently extensive to support healthy, sustainable ecosystems	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/25-year-environment-plan/25-year-environment-plan-our-targets-at-a-glance
NL	Natuurherstel	Herstellen gedegradeerde ecosystemen in het mariene milieu (thema 2) Door gedegradeerde ecosystemen te herstellen wordt verloren biodiversiteit in de Noordzee weer teruggebracht. Daarmee wordt tevens de kraamkamerfunctie van vis beter gewaarborgd. In synergie met activiteiten zoals zandwinning wordt gewerkt aan het terugbrengen van de schelpenbanken in een van de beschermde gebieden in de Noordzee. Dat schelpensubstraat kan op zijn beurt dienst doen als voedingsbodem voor terugkerende biodiversiteit. Een eerste pilotactiviteit zal in 2015 van start gaan	https://edepot.wur.nl/335140
DU	Natuurherstel	Our vision for the future: Natural coastal and marine regions are fascinating natural landscapes. The interlinked natural and near-natural coastal and marine ecosystems, in their diversity and natural momentum, support the unthreatened existence of all typical species and habitats. They exhibit a favourable conservation status. Our aims: By 2015, a good ecological and chemical quality status has been achieved for all waters in the coastal region. By 2021, marine waters have achieved a good environmental quality. By 2010, the decline in species and the degradation of habitats has been halted. By 2020, a significant improvement in the conservation status for all species and habitats has been achieved. By 2015, the sturgeon and other marine species which had become extinct are once again found in Germany	https://www.bfn.de/fileadmin/ABS/documents/Biodiversitaetsstrategie_englisch.pdf

DU	Oesterbankherstel	The long-term goal of BfN's efforts is to establish a healthy stock of European flat oysters in the German North Sea and, to the greatest extent possible, restoration of biodiverse, biogenic reefs – a unique form of ecosystem in our marine waters.	https://www.bfn.de/en/activities/marine-nature-conservation/artenschutzprojekte/restoration-of-the-european-flat-oyster.html
FR	Natura 2000 strategie	Au-delà de la seule question de la haute mer, la France doit contribuer activement aux travaux internationaux sur la protection de la biodiversité en mer, pour y défendre à la fois une vision ambitieuse en matière d'aires marines protégées en ligne avec les objectifs de 2020 qu'elle s'est fixés, mais aussi pour y promouvoir à l'international l'application des principes directeurs de la présente stratégie	https://www.afbiodiversite.fr/strategie-nationale-des-aires-marines-protégees
Horizon 2020	Natuurherstel	Currently significantly increase the protection of EU waters through the expansion of the network of marine protected areas (MPA) and launch a pan-European campaign of restoration of marine ecosystems. Blue forests will demonstrate the blue carbon potential in the restoration of marine vegetation as well as benefits for the blue economy sectors most dependant on a healthy ecosystem (fisheries, aquaculture, tourism)	https://era.gv.at/public/documents/4225/Oceans_and_waters.pdf
DK	MSFD strategie	* Need for protection initiatives for HELCOM and OSPAR Red List habitats is assessed. If there are any natural habitats on the Red Lists that are endangered or not sufficiently protected, the Ministry of Environment and Food will assess specifically the need for further initiatives in collaboration with relevant ministries. 6.10 * The need for additional marine protected areas or other initiatives in the Baltic Sea and the North Sea is assessed, and a similar assessment is subsequently carried out for the Danish Straits.	https://mfvm.dk/fileadmin/user_upload/MFVM/Natur/Havstrategi/Danish_Marine_Strategy_II_UK.pdf

NO	CBD strategie	The marine management plans also focus on the conservation of threatened species and habitats. In addition, relevant sectoral legislation contains provisions that are important in protecting threatened species and habitats against pressures and 76 impacts associated with activities such as fisheries, the petroleum industry and maritime transport. The Government will give weight to safeguarding threatened marine species and habitats in the further development of the management plans for Norway's sea areas.	https://www.cbd.int/doc/world/no/no-nbsap-v4-en.pdf
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